Article - Public Safety

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§6–316.

- (a) The State Fire Marshal, a designee of the State Fire Marshal, or a full-time fire prevention inspector who is employed by a fire department may apply to a judge of the District Court or a circuit court for an administrative search warrant to enter a building or premises to conduct a fire prevention inspection.
 - (b) An application under subsection (a) of this section shall:
 - (1) be in writing;
 - (2) be signed and sworn to by the applicant; and
- (3) particularly describe the building or premises to be searched and the nature, scope, and purpose of the search to be performed by the applicant.
- (c) A judge of the District Court or a circuit court may issue the warrant on finding that:
- (1) the applicant is authorized or required by law to make the inspection;
- (2) the applicant has demonstrated that the inspection of the premises is sought as a result of:
- (i) evidence of an existing violation of this article that relates to fire safety, the State Fire Prevention Code, or a local fire prevention code, if applicable; or
- (ii) a general and neutral administrative plan to conduct fire prevention inspections;
- (3) the owner, tenant, or other individual in charge of the property has denied access to the property, or after making a reasonable effort, the applicant has been unable to locate any of these individuals; and
 - (4) the inspection is sought for safety related purposes.
- (d) (1) An administrative search warrant issued under this section shall specify the building or premises to be searched.

- (2) The inspection conducted may not exceed the limits specified in the warrant.
- (e) An administrative search warrant issued under this section shall be executed and returned to the judge who issued it within:
 - (1) the time specified in the warrant, not exceeding 30 days; or
- (2) if no time period is specified in the warrant, 15 days after its issuance.
- (f) Information obtained in accordance with an administrative search warrant under this section is confidential and may not be disclosed except:
- (1) to the extent used in an administrative or judicial proceeding that arises out of a violation that relates to the purpose for which the warrant was issued and within the scope of the warrant; or
 - (2) to an owner or occupant of the building or premises.

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